

THE MOUNT SINAI HOSPITAL, NEW YORK CITY DEPT. OF RADIOLOGY

NAME	SERVICE	AGE	DOCTOR	LOCATION	UNIT-X-RAY NO.
[REDACTED]		7/19	S. HOLLIS	B3	1040388

11/12/75 RIGHT CAROTID ANGIOGRAM The bifurcation of the right common carotid artery in the neck is not seen.

Intracranially, there is visualization of the anterior middle cerebral and anterior choroidal arteries on the right side. There is flash filling of the posterior cerebral artery on this side. During the AP projection, contralateral compression in the neck was performed with visualization of the anterior and faint specification of the middle cerebral artery and posterior cerebral artery on the left side. An aneurysm is seen arising from the internal carotid artery at its point of bifurcation; and the aneurysm is directed superiorly. There doesn't

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appear to be associated splan or intracerebral hematoma in the neighbor of the aneurysm. Bulbous dilatation of the origin of the anterior choreoidal artery is noted. The arteries are otherwise normal in their course and configuration. The venous phase shows the internal cerebral vein to be in the midline. The subependymal veins indicate normal size ventricles.

DIAGNOSIS: Right carotid angiogram demonstrating an aneurysm arising from the supraclinoid portion of the internal carotid artery. There is a small dilatation aneurysmal-like of the origin of the anterior choroidal artery as well.

S. ANTON, M.D.

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